





Community Health Status Indicators CHSI 2009

Our Mission: Provide Information for Improving Community Health

Relative Health Importance: Miami County, IN

- 🍅 Indicates a status favorable to peer county median value
- Indicates that a closer look and perhaps reduction to the percent or rate may be needed. Blank indicates no comparison.

Your Health Status Compared to Peers UNFAVORABLE FAVORABLE UNFAVORABLE No Care in Births to Women under First Trimester 18 Motor Vehicle Births to Unmarried Women Injuries Stroke • White non Hispanic Infant Mortality Post-neonatal Infant Mortality Breast Cancer (Female) Colon Cancer Coronary Heart Disease Lung Cancer Suicide

Your County's Health Compared to US Rates FAVORABLE	 Low Birth Wt. (<2500 g) Very Low Birth Wt. (<1500 g) Premature Births (<37 weeks) Births to Women age 40 -54 Infant Mortality Neonatal Infant Mortality Unintentional Injury

The Relative Health Importance table creates four categories of relative concern by simply comparing a county to its peers and to the U.S.

A county's indicators in the Unfavorable/Unfavorable Quadrant (\mathcal{P}) are higher than the U.S. and its peers and may warrant more attention. Conversely, indicators in the Favorable/Favorable Quadrant (\mathfrak{P}) of the table compare favorably to both peers and the U.S. The other boxes represent intermediate levels of health where a county's rate is higher than either its peers or the U.S., but not both.

Source: Measures of Birth and Death data tables

Methodology: Studnicki, J. et al. (1997). Commmunity health report card: Comprehensive Assessment for Tracking Community Health (CATCH), Best Practices and Benchmarking in Healthcare, Vol 2(5), 196-207.